

Wordsworth: footnoted

by Nick Franklin

The footnoted texts of Lines Written a Few Miles Above Tintern Abbey and of I Wandered Lonely as a Cloud.

Wordsworth Footnoted

Lines Written A Few Miles above Tintern Abbey¹

Five years have passed; five summers, with the length Of <u>five</u> long <u>winters!</u> and again I hear anaphora These waters, rolling from their mountain-springs With a **sweet inland murmur**⁴. Once again personification (murmur) **Do** $\underline{\mathbf{I}}$ behold⁵ these $\underline{\mathbf{steep}}^6$ and $\underline{\mathbf{lofty}}^7$ cliffs⁸, Which on a wild **secluded**⁹ scene impress Thoughts of more deep seclusion; and connect The <u>land</u>scape¹⁰ with the <u>quiet</u>¹¹ of the <u>sky</u>. The day is come when I again repose assonance Here, under this dark sycamore, and view [10] These plots of cottage-ground 12, these orchard-tufts, internal rhyme Which, at this season, with their unripe fruits, Among the woods and copses 13 lose themselves 14, Nor, with their green and simple **hue**¹⁵, disturb The wild green landscape. Once again I see These **hedge-rows**¹⁶, hardly hedge-rows, little lines alliteration Of sportive wood run wild; these pastoral farms Green to the very door 17; and wreathes of smoke 18 Sent up, in silence, from among the trees, assonance With some uncertain notice, as might seem, alliteration Of vagrant dwellers in the houseless woods, [20] Or of some hermit's cave, where by his fire

The hermit sits alone.

¹ not actually true: he wrote the poem after he got home from the walking holiday, not in the Wye Valley ² notice how, from the beginning Wordsworth connects happiness and sadness; summer and winter are inextricably linked

³ **rolling** – (in this case) flowing

⁴ <u>sweet inland murmur</u> – the <u>River Wye</u> is <u>tidal</u> be<u>yond Tin</u>tern, so the <u>line shows</u> that <u>Words</u>worth <u>placed</u> him<u>self five miles up</u>stream

⁵ do <u>I</u> behold – I can see

⁶ **steep** – pre<u>ci</u>pitous

 $[\]frac{1}{1}$ lofty – high, tall

⁸ cliff – <u>pre</u>cipice, <u>rock</u>-face

⁹ se<u>clu</u>ded – re<u>mote</u>

¹⁰ <u>land</u>scape – pano<u>ra</u>ma

 $[\]frac{11}{\text{quiet}}$ (n.) – tranquillity

¹² cottage-ground – garden of a cottage

copse – small wood, group of trees

¹⁴ lose themselves – are indistinguishable from the <u>background</u>

 $[\]frac{15}{\text{hue}}$ – tone, <u>co</u>lour

¹⁶ hedgerows – planted rows of shrubbery used to mark the edges of fields

¹⁷ to the very door – (emphatic) right up to their doors

the smoke that Wordsworth could see didn't come from vagrants' or hermits' fires but from charcoal burning for the incipient iron industry!

Second Stanza.

Though absent long, These forms of beauty have not been to me, 19 As is a landscape to a blind man's eve: But \mathbf{oft}^{20} , in lonely rooms, and mid the \mathbf{din}^{21} Of towns and cities, I have owed to them, In hours of weariness²², sensations sweet, Felt in the blood, and felt along the heart, And passing even into my purer mind With tranquil restoration: – feelings too [30] Of unremembered pleasure; such, perhaps, As may have had no trivial influence On that best portion of a good man's life; His little, nameless, unremembered acts Of kindness²³ and of love. Nor less, I trust, To them I may have owed another gift, Of aspect more sublime; that blessed²⁴ mood²⁵. In which the burthen of the mystery, In which the heavy and the weary²⁷ weight alliteration Of all this unintelligible world [40] Is **lighten'd**²⁸ – that serene and blessed mood, In which the affections gently **lead** us **on**²⁹ Until, the breath of this **corporeal frame**³⁰, And even the motion of our human blood Almost suspended, we are laid asleep In body, and become a living soul: synecdoche³² While with an eye **made quiet**³¹ by the power Of harmony, and the deep power of joy, We see into the life of things³³.³⁴

the version in the Norton has "These beauteous forms, / Through a long absence, have not been to me"

oft – (poetic) often, frequently

din – noise, furore

weariness – tiredness, exhaustion

kindness – generosity, altruism

blessed – a. spiritual; b. happy, joyous

mood – frame of mind, emotional state

burthen – (archaic) burden

weary – tiresome, tiring

lightened – alleviated, lessened, reduced

to lead sb. on (lead-led) – (in this case) guide sb.

corporeal frame – physical body

made quiet – calmed (because he is now in a meditative trance)

it is not really his mind which is made quiet but his mind and body

see into the life of thing – can truly understand our reality

³⁴ Cf. Blake's Auguries of Innocence: "To see a world in a grain of sand, / And a heaven in a wild flower, / Hold infinity in the palm of your hand, /And eternity in an hour."

The Third Stanza

Be **<u>but</u>**³⁵ a <u>vain</u> be<u>lief</u>, yet, <u>oh!</u> how <u>oft</u>³⁶, [50]

In darkness, and amid the many shapes
Of joyless³⁷ day-lights; when the fretful³⁸ stir³⁹ alliteration

Unprofitable, and the fever of the world,

Have hung upon the beatings of my heart,

How oft, in spirit, have I turned to thee Osylvan Wye! Thou wanderer through the wood alliteration, apostrophe

How often has my spirit turned to thee!

35 **but** – (in this case) only

but – (in this case) only
 oft – (poetic) often, frequently
 joyless – despondent
 fretful – anxious
 stir – bustle, commotion
 thee – (archaic) you (singular)
 sylvan – bounded by woods, with trees on both sides
 thou – (archaic) you (singular)

⁴³ wanderer – itinerant

The Fourth Stanza

And now, with gleams of half-extinguished thought,

With many recognitions dim and faint,

And somewhat of a sad perplexity. [60]

The picture of the mind revives again:

While here I stand, not only with the sense

Of present pleasure, but with pleasing thoughts alliteration

That in this moment there is life and food

For future years. And so I dare to hope

Though changed, no doubt, from what I was, when first

I came among these hills; when like a roe⁴⁴

I **bounded**⁴⁵ o'er the mountains, by the sides

Of the deep rivers, and the **lonely**⁴⁶ streams,

Wherever nature led⁴⁷; more like a man [70]

Flying⁴⁸ from something that he dreads⁴⁹, than one

Who **sought**⁵⁰ the thing he loved. For nature then

(The **coarser**⁵¹ pleasures of my boyish days,

And their glad animal movements⁵² all gone by⁵³,)

To me was all in all⁵⁴. – I cannot paint⁵⁵

What then I was, The sounding cataract⁵⁶

Haunted me like a passion: the tall rock, antithesis The mountain, and the deep and **gloomv**⁵⁷ wood, antithesis

Their colours and their forms, were then to me

An appetite: a feeling and a love, [80]

That had no need of a remoter charm,

By **thought**⁵⁸ supplied, or any interest Unborrowed from the eye.

⁴⁴ **roe** – (Capreolus capreolus) a <u>spe</u>cies of <u>small</u> Eu<u>ra</u>sian <u>deer</u>

⁴⁵ **to bound** – leap, jump, run

⁴⁶ **lonely** – <u>i</u>solated

⁴⁷ wherever <u>nature led</u> – in<u>tu</u>itively

⁴⁸ to fly (fly-flew-flown) – (in this case) flee, escape

⁴⁹ to dread – fear

⁵⁰ to seek (seek-sought-sought) - <u>look</u> for, <u>try</u> to <u>find</u>

⁵¹ coarser – <u>less</u> re<u>fined</u>

⁵² glad animal movements – carefree running among the mountains

gone by - have passed

 $^{^{54}}$ all in all - everything

⁵⁵ to paint – (in this case) describe

⁵⁶ <u>soun</u>ding <u>ca</u>taract – <u>noi</u>sy <u>wa</u>terfall

⁵⁷ gloomy – dark ⁵⁸ thought – intel<u>lec</u>tual <u>rea</u>soning

- That time is past,

And all its aching joys are now no more,

And all its **dizzy**⁵⁹ **raptures**⁶⁰. Not for this Faint I, nor **mourn**⁶¹ nor **murmur**⁶²: other gifts alliteration

oxymoron

Have followed, for such loss, I would believe.

Abundant recompense. For I have learned

To look on nature, not as in the hour

Of **thoughtless**⁶³ youth, but hearing **oftentimes**⁶⁴ [90] synesthesia⁶⁵

The still, sad music of humanity,

Not harsh⁶⁶ or grating⁶⁷, though of ample power

To **chasten**⁶⁸ and **subdue**⁶⁹. And I have felt A presence that **disturbs**⁷⁰ me with the joy

antithesis

Of elevated thoughts; a sense sublime

Of something **far more**⁷¹ deeply **interfused**⁷².

Whose dwelling 73 is the light of setting suns 74 , alliteration

And the round ocean, and the living air,

And the blue sky, and in the mind of man, consonance

A motion and a spirit, that impels [100]

All thinking things, all objects of all thought, allitero-assonance

And rolls through all things. **Therefore**⁷⁵ am I still

A lover of the **meadows**⁷⁶ and the woods, And mountains; and of all that we **behold**⁷⁷

From this green earth; of all the **mightv**⁷⁸ world

Of eye and ear, both what they half-create,

And what perceive⁷⁹; well pleased to recognize

In nature and the language of the sense,

The anchor of my purest thoughts, the nurse,

The guide, the guardian of my heart, and soul alliteration

Of all my moral being.

⁵⁹ <u>dizzy – dizzying, hea</u>dy, ex<u>hi</u>larating, in<u>vig</u>orating <u>rap</u>tures – <u>ec</u>stasy

to mourn – lament

⁶² to murmur – (in this case) complain, protest

⁶³ thoughtless – unreasoning, intuitive

oftentimes – often, frequently

the mixing up of different senses sometimes indicates that a character is overwhelmed

⁶⁶ **harsh** – un<u>plea</u>sant

⁶⁷ grating – cacophonous

⁶⁸ to chasten – humble

⁶⁹ to subdue – calm

⁷⁰ to disturb – (in this case) excite, arouse

⁷¹ <u>far</u> more – <u>much</u> more

⁷² inter<u>fused</u> – <u>blen</u>ded to<u>ge</u>ther, mixed

⁷³ dwelling – abode, home

⁷⁴ the <u>light</u> of <u>setting sun</u> – the <u>twi</u>light, the <u>light</u> of <u>sun</u>set/<u>sun</u>down/<u>dusk</u>

⁷⁵ therefore – so, for this reason

 $[\]overline{\text{meadow}} - \underline{\text{field}} \text{ of } \underline{\text{wild}} \underline{\text{flo}} \text{wers and } \underline{\text{grass}} \text{ (typically } \underline{\text{near}} \text{ a } \underline{\text{ri}} \text{ver)}$

⁷⁷ to behold (-hold/-held/-held) – see, per<u>ceive</u>

⁷⁸ mighty – great

⁷⁹ the world is possessed by sight and hearing; things only exists in perception

Fifth Stanza: (Addressing Dorothy):

Nor, perchance⁸⁰, If <u>I</u> were <u>not</u> thus <u>taught</u>⁸¹, Should <u>I</u> the <u>more</u> Suffer my **genial**⁸² spirits to **decay**⁸³: For **thou art**⁸⁴ with me, here, upon the banks Of this fair river; thou, my dearest Friend, [115] My dear, dear Friend, and in **thy**⁸⁵ voice I catch The language of my **former**⁸⁶ heart, and read My former pleasures in the shooting lights Of thy wild⁸⁷ eyes. Oh! yet a little while May I behold⁸⁸ in thee what I was once, [120] My dear, dear Sister! And this prayer I make, Knowing that Nature never did betray alliteration The heart that loved her; 'tis⁸⁹ her privilege, Through all the years of this our life, to **lead**⁹⁰ From joy to joy: for she can so inform [125] The mind that is within us, so impress With quietness⁹¹ and beauty, and so feed With lofty⁹² thoughts, that neither evil tongues⁹³, Rash⁹⁴ judgments, nor the sneers⁹⁵ of selfish⁹⁶ men, Nor **greetings**⁹⁷ where no **kindness**⁹⁸ is, nor all [130] The **dreary**⁹⁹ **intercourse**¹⁰⁰ of daily life, Shall **e'er**¹⁰¹ **prevail against**¹⁰² us, or disturb Our **cheerful**¹⁰³ faith that all which we **behold**¹⁰⁴ Is full of blessings.

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80 perchance – perhaps
were not thus taught - hadn't learned things in this way
82 <u>genial</u> – a. <u>cheerful; b. native, inborn; c. creative, relating to genius and poetic inspiration</u>
<sup>83</sup> to de<u>cay</u> – de<u>cline</u>, di<u>mi</u>nish
thou \overline{art} – (archaic) you are
85 thy – (archaic) your
86 former – (in this case) younger
\overline{\text{wild}} - \text{ex}_{\underline{\text{ci}}} \text{ted}
<sup>88</sup> to be<u>hold</u> (-hold/-held/-held) – see, per<u>ceive</u>
** 'tis -\overline{(archaic)} it is
<sup>90</sup> to lead (lead-led) – guide
^{91} <u>qui</u>etness – tran<u>quil</u>lity

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93 evil tongues – gossip, malicious rumours
<sup>94</sup> rash – pre<u>ci</u>pitous, im<u>pe</u>tuous
95 sneers – disdain
<sup>96</sup> <u>sel</u>fish – ego<u>tis</u>tical
<sup>97</sup> greeting – salutation, welcome
<sup>98</sup> <u>kindness</u> – <u>friend</u>liness, gene<u>ro</u>sity, <u>al</u>truism
99 dreary – dull, tedious
intercourse – interaction
\overline{e'}er – \underline{e}ver
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102 to pre<u>vail</u> against – <u>con</u>quer, <u>tri</u>umph <u>o</u>ver

104 to behold (-hold/-held/-held) – see, perceive

cheerful – happy, optimistic

Therefore let the moon

Shine on thee in thy solitary walk; 1351

And let the misty mountain winds be free alliteration

To blow against thee: and in after years,

When these wild ecstasies 105 shall be matured

Into a sober pleasure, when thy mind

Shall be a **mansion**¹⁰⁶ for all lovely forms, [140]

Thy memory be as a **dwelling-place**¹⁰⁷

For all sweet sounds and harmonies; Oh! then,

If solitude, or fear, or pain, or grief,

Should be thy **portion**¹⁰⁸, with what **healing**¹⁰⁹ thoughts Of tender joy **wilt thou**¹¹⁰ remember me, [145] [145] alliteration

And these my **exhortations**¹¹¹!

Nor, **perchance**¹¹².

If I should be, where I no more can hear

Thy voice, nor catch from thy wild eyes these gleams

Of past existence, wilt thou then forget

That on the banks of this delightful stream [150]

We stood together; And that I, so long

A worshipper of Nature, **hither came**¹¹³,

Unwearied in that service: rather say

With warmer love, oh! with far deeper zeal

Of holier love. Nor wilt thou then forget, [155]

That after many wanderings¹¹⁴, many years

Of absence, these **steep**¹¹⁵ woods and **lofty**¹¹⁶ cliffs¹¹⁷,

And this green pastoral landscape, were to me

More dear, both for themselves, and for thy sake.

Listen to it at:

http://bruce.personal.asu.edu/tintern/content/tintern-abbey-1-23

105 feminists have pointed out how Dorothy's 'wild ecstasies' contrast with the more mature attitude to nature displayed by William. However, as Dorothy was younger (by 1½ years) and this was her first visit to the Wye Valley and William says that he expects she will attain his maturer state, this doesn't seem an especially valid argument.

mansion – (in this case) accumu<u>lation</u>

^{107 &}lt;u>dwel</u>ling-<u>place</u> – a<u>bode</u>, home

portion – destiny

healing – curative

wilt thou – will you

 $^{^{111}\} exhor\underline{ta}tions-\underline{en}\underline{cou} ragement$

per<u>chance</u> – per<u>haps</u>

hither came – (archaic) came here

^{114 &}lt;u>many wanderings – much no</u>madism/i<u>ti</u>nerancy

¹¹⁵ **steep** – pre<u>ci</u>pitous

 $[\]underline{\mathbf{lof}}\mathbf{ty} - \hat{\mathbf{high}}$, tall

¹¹⁷ **cliff** – <u>pre</u>cipice, <u>rock</u>-face

I Wandered Lonely As A Cloud (1807)

I wandered¹¹⁸ lonely as a cloud That floats on high o'er¹¹⁹ vales¹²⁰ and hills¹²¹, When all at once¹²² I saw a crowd¹²³, A host¹²⁴, of golden daffodils; Beside the lake, beneath¹²⁵ the trees, Fluttering¹²⁶ and dancing in the breeze.

Continuous as the stars that shine And **twinkle**¹²⁷ on **the Milky Way**¹²⁸, They **stretched**¹²⁹ in never-ending line Along the margin of a **bay**¹³⁰: Ten thousand saw I **at a glance**¹³¹, **Tossing**¹³² their heads in **sprightly**¹³³ dance.

The waves **beside**¹³⁴ them danced; but they **Out-did**¹³⁵ the **sparkling**¹³⁶ waves in **glee**¹³⁷: A poet could not but be **gay**¹³⁸, In such a **jocund**¹³⁹ company: I **gazed**¹⁴⁰ – and gazed – but little thought What **wealth**¹⁴¹ the show to me had brought:

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118 to wander /'wondə<sup>r</sup>/ – a. (literally) stroll, roam, ramble; b. (metaphorically) be purposeless and directionless in
   o'er /ouə<sup>r</sup>/ – (poetic) over
120 vale – (poetic) valley
121 hill - small mountain
all at once – suddenly, unexpectedly
crowd – multitude. A 'crowd' refers to a large group of people, so this is personification.
host – (in this case) multitude. The use of the word 'host' probably implies 'heavenly host', i.e. Wordsworth
may be comparing the daffodils to angels and/or the stars (cf. Milky Way in the second verse).

125 beneath – underneath, under
to <u>flutter</u> – <u>move</u> like a <u>butterfly</u> that is <u>fly</u>ing
to twinkle – glitter, shine intermittently
the Milky Way – the band of light across the night sky corresponding to our galaxy
to stretch – extend, continue
^{130} bay - <u>in</u>let, cove
131 at a glance – in an instant
to toss sth. – move sth. about
133 sprightly - happy, merry. However, the use of this specific word alludes to sprites (= fairies, elves) and so
  introduces the idea of the supernatural in folklore
^{134} beside – \underline{\text{next}} to
135 to outdo (-do/-did/-done) - surpass, eclipse
136 sparkling – glittering, iridescent
glee – de<u>light</u>, happiness
\frac{\mathbf{gav} - \mathbf{do}_{\underline{\mathbf{nsm}}}, \underline{\mathbf{nsp}}}{\mathbf{gay} - (in \ this \ case) \ \underline{\mathbf{happy}}, \underline{\mathbf{joy}} \mathbf{ous}
iocund – (poetic) happy, exuberant
140 to gaze – <u>look fi</u>xedly (<u>mes</u>merized)
wealth - riches, (in this case) benefit
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For **oft**¹⁴², when on my **couch**¹⁴³ I lie In vacant or in pensive **mood**¹⁴⁴, They flash upon that **inward eye**¹⁴⁵ Which is the **bliss of solitude**¹⁴⁶; And then my heart with pleasure fills, And dances with the daffodils.



You can listen to the poem at: http://goo.gl/cMdhe

oft – (poetic) often, frequently

143 couch – sofa

144 mood – frame of mind, emotional state

145 that inward eye – one's memory/imagination

146 the bliss of solitude – the great pleasure of being alone with one's thoughts